Total Revocations - Parole Types 2017

- Mandatory Parole: 74%
- Discretionary: 10%
- Discretionary Re-Parole: 13%
- Mandatory Re-Parole: 13%
- Rescission: 1%
- Administrative: 0%
- Discretionary Re-Parole: 2%
The total revocation hearings, prior to Senate Bill 91 were on average around 636 per year. With the implementation of SB 91 the total amount of parole revocation hearings doubled.
Anchorage Probation: 805
Bethel Probation: 46
Dillingham Probation: 2
Fairbanks Probation: 97
Juneau Probation: 102
Kena Probation: 32
Ketchikan Probation: 29
Kodiak Probation: 9
Kotzebue Probation: 7
Nome Probation: 17
Palmer Probation: 118
Sitka Probation: 4
Utqiagvik (Barrow) Prob: 7

Total Revocations by Location 2017
Primary offense is defined as the crime for which they were convicted of. In the case of multiple crimes the primary is the most serious.
The types of violations reported to the Parole Board are categorized for tracking purposes. Substance abuse including drugs/alcohol use was the condition violated the most.
Non-technical hearings are the result of a parolee committing a new crime and/or violating a sex offender or domestic violence treatment condition. Technical violations are when a parolee has violated any other condition besides a new crime and/or sex offender or domestic violence treatment condition.
Total Revocations by Age 2017

- 31-40: 38%
- 18-30: 28%
- 41-50: 20%
- 51-60: 12%
- 61+: 2%
Total Revocations by Race 2017

- Caucasian: 43%
- Black: 11%
- Hispanic/Latino: 2%
- Native American: 6%
- Native Alaskan: 33%
- Native Hawaiian: 1%
- Asian/Pacific Islander: 3%
How often does a parolee violate their conditions of release?

In 2017 458 parolees violated their conditions of release one (1) time. 182 parolees violated conditions of release twice.
Total Revocations - Time Imposed 2017

- 19.3% - 0 days
- 8.9% - 1-3 days
- 12.9% - 4-5 days
- 20.9% - 6 - 10 days
- 11.8% - 11 - 30 days
- 20.8% - 31 days - 6 months
- 4.5% - More than 6 months
- 0.2% - Continued
- 0.8% - Not guilty

Number of Revocations